Hilbert space compression of groups

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The Hilbert space compression of a space is a q.i. invariant.

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Not a linear order. So we cannot talk about *the maximal* compression function.





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(Amenability - for the equivariant compression.)

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That embedding has compression function $x^{1-2\epsilon}$.

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If f = g then we say that f is the \mathcal{E} -compression of X. The quotient $\frac{g}{f}$ is called the *size of the gap*.

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$$\left(\frac{x}{\log x (\log\log x)^{1+\epsilon}}, x\right)$$
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Problem. Is there a non-virtually cyclic group with better compression gap than F_n ?

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Thompson group as a diagram group **Definition 3.**

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Elementary diagrams:



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Idea of the proof. Free group acts on a tree, Thompson group (and any other diagram group) acts of a 2-tree.

How to build the tree (Cayley graph of F_3):

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Skew cubes

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This gives the upper bound for compression $\sqrt{x} \log x$ and a compression gap $(\sqrt{x}, \sqrt{x} \log x)$ of logarithmic size.

The problem

Problem. Is it true that a compression function of some embedding of *F* into a Hilbert space is $\gg \sqrt{x}$?

Theorem (Arzhantseva-Guba-Sapir)



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Problem. Is there an amenable group with compression 0?